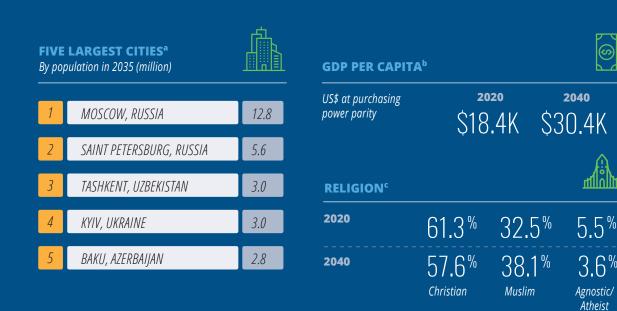
high = 100



RUSSIA AND EURASIA



2020 2040 AGE STRUCTURE **AGE STRUCTURE**^a Under 15 15-64 65+ Under 15 15-64 65+ 21.2% 66.0% 12.8% 64.9% MALE Age FEMALE MALE Age FEMALE 75-79 70-74 65-69 65-69 60-64 60-64 50-54 45-49 45-49 40-44 40-44 35-39 35-39 30-34 30-34 25-29 25-29 20-24 15-19 10-14 10-14 0-4



TYPES OF GOVERNMENTS^a

Number of countries

Liberal Democracies

Hold free and fair multiparty elections and guarantee freedom of speech and expression. Liberal democracies also uphold the rule of law and have constraints on the executive.

Electoral Democracies

Hold free and fair multiparty elections and guarantee freedom of speech and expression, but do not uphold the rule of law and/or do not have constraints on the executive.

Electoral Autocracies

Hold elections but they are not free, fair, and multiparty, and/or the government does not guarantee freedom of speech and expression.

Closed Autocracies



Do not even hold multiparty elections for the chief executive.

^a Varieties of Democracy, 2020. The number of countries included in this study may not equal the number listed separately under "Selected Regions and Countries.



DIGITAL ECONOMY

Digital skills of workforce rating^d 1 = not at all to a great extent = 7

54.7%

Information globalization ratinge 1 = low

Internet Users (of population)^c

^b 2019 or latest available data.

^c International Telecommunication Union. ^d World Economic Forum.

^e KOF Globalization Index.



2040

TEMPERATURE, DROUGHT, AND HURRICANE **ACTIVITY**

Increase in the hottest day temperature, Celsius

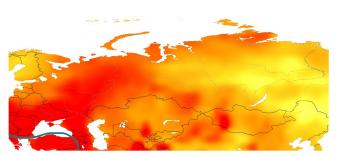


Increase in the longest annual drought by 2.5 days or more



Increase in major hurricane activity

This mapf illustrates likely changes in maximum temperature, drought, and hurricane/cyclone activity in 2040—compared to the 1980-2005 baseline—given conditions specified by the United Nations' Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) under Representative Concentration Pathway (RCP) 4.5. While several different temperature measures could have been used, maximum temperature on the hottest day of the year was chosen given the severe human, agricultural, and economic costs associated with heat waves. When combined with longer droughts, these effects are multiplied.



f Data: Clemens Schwingshackl, Jana Sillman, and the Centre for International Climate and Environmental Research. Graphic: Pardee Center University of Denver.